PROPER CITATION FORMS FOR LEGAL PERIODICALS

• ARTICLES

• GENERALLY


1. Author's full name (first name, middle name, last name).
   Rule 16.2

2. Title of the Article
   - Underscore or italicize the title of the article. If you underscore the title, end the underscoring before entering the proper punctuation mark.
     Bluepages B8.1 (p. 23) & B1 (p. 4)
   - Capitalize the initial word of the title and all other words except articles, conjunctions, and prepositions of four or fewer letters.
     Rule 8
   - Do not abbreviate words or omit articles in the title!
     Rule 16.3

3. Cite to the volume number, source, and the first page of the work.
   - Table 13 is a list of commonly cited Law Review abbreviations.
   - Use Table 13 and Table 10 to determine the proper abbreviation for periodicals not listed in Table 13.
   - In abbreviations of periodical names, close up all adjacent single capitals.
     Rule 6.1(a)
     - When one or more of the capitals refers to the name of an institutional entity - set the capital or capitals off from other adjacent single capitals with a space.
     - A multi letter abbreviation is always preceded and followed by a space.

4. The date of publication is the cover date of the periodical.
   Rule 16.1
**Consecutively Paginated Journals**


- Volumes which begin on page 1 and are consecutively paginated throughout the entire volume.
- Give the author, title of the work, volume number, periodical, first page of work, and page or pages on which specific materials appear.
- The date of publication is enclosed in parenthesis at the end of the citation.
  
  Rule 16.4

**Nonconsecutively Paginated Journals**


- Periodicals that are separately paginated within each issue.
- Give the author, title of the work, and the periodical name.
- Give the date of the issue (appears on the cover of the journal).
  
  Give the Month, Day, & Year.

- The beginning page number follows the word “at.” Pinpoint cites are separated from the first page by a comma.
  
  Rule 16.5

**Citing a Footnote Within an Article**


- Give the author, title of the work, volume, source, and beginning page number.
  
  Rule 16.2 Rule 16.3

- Give the page on which the footnote appears and the footnote number.
  
  Rule 3.2(b)

  - Footnote is abbreviated by using a lower case “n.”
  - There is no space between “n” and the footnote number.
STUDENT-WRITTEN LAW REVIEW MATERIALS

• SIGNED NOTE


- Give the author’s full name.
- The designation of the piece as a “Note” follows the author’s name and precedes the title of the work and is set off by commas.
- Cite the title, etc. in the same manner as any other signed work.
  Rule 16.7.1(a)

• SIGNED COMMENT


- Give the author’s full name.
- The designation of the piece as a “Comment” follows the author’s name and precedes the title of the work and is set off by commas.
- Cite the title, etc. in the same manner as any other signed work.
  Rule 16.7.1(a)

• UNSIGNED STUDENT WRITTEN MATERIALS


- Give the designation of the work in ordinary roman type.
- The designation of the work is followed by the title of the piece, etc.
  Rule 16.7.1(b)

• SIGNED NOTE WITHOUT A TITLE


- Give the author’s full name.
- Give the designation of the work in ordinary roman type.
- Give the volume, source, beginning page number, and year of publication.
  Rule 16.7.1(a)
Footnote Within a Comment


- Give the author’s full name followed by the designation of the work, volume, source, and beginning page.
- Give the page on which the footnote appears and the footnote number.
  Rule 3.2(b)
  - Footnote is abbreviated by using a lower case “n.”
  - There is no space between “n” and the footnote number

Short Citation Forms

1. Id.
   Id. at 556.
   - If the work was cited as the immediately preceding authority within the same footnote or as the sole authority within the immediately preceding footnote, use id. to refer to the work.
   - Indicate any difference in the page number by using id. at (page number).
     Rule 16.9(a)
   - Underscore or Italicize id. The period which follows “id” is underscored or italicized.

2. Supra
   Barton, supra, at 595.
   - Give the author’s last name before “supra.”
   - Indicate the page or pages cited by using “at” and the page number.
   - Underscore or Italicize supra.
     Rule 16.9(b)